

Operating manual

DurOx[®] 325



Dissolved Oxygen Sensor

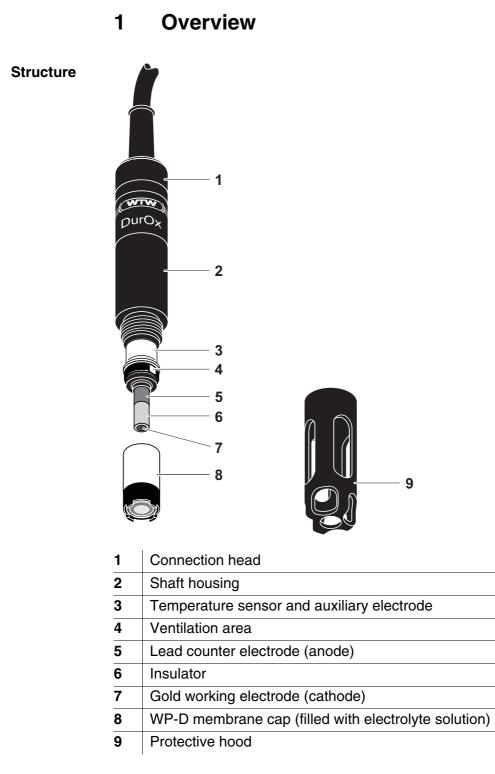
ba25400e03 04/2009

Accuracy when going to press The use of advanced technology and the high quality standard of our instruments are the result of continuous development. Consequently, this may result in some differences between this operating manual and your instrument. Also, we cannot guarantee that there are absolutely no errors in this manual. Therefore, we are sure you will understand that we cannot accept any legal claims resulting from the data, figures or descriptions.

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Contents

1	Ove	rview	
2	Safe	ety instructions	
3	Con	nmissioning	
4	Measuring / Operation		
	4.1	Calibration	
	4.2	Measuring	
	4.3	Storage	
5	Mair	ntenance, cleaning, replacement	
	5.1	General maintenance notes	
	5.2	Outside cleaning 23	
	5.3	Changing the electrolyte and membrane cap 24	
	5.4	Cleaning the electrodes	
	5.5	Checking the sensor for freedom from zero-current 28	
	5.6	Disposal	
6	Wha	at to do if	
7	Tecl	hnical data	
8	Wea	ar parts and accessories	



Recommended fields of application On site measurements in rivers, lakes and wastewater

2 Safety instructions

This operating manual contains special instructions that must be followed during the operation of the D.O. sensor.

Always keep this operating manual in the vicinity of the sensor.

Special user qualifications The membrane cap of the D.O. sensor is filled with a small amount of an alkaline electrolyte solution. All maintenance work that requires dealing with the electrolyte solution must only be carried out by persons who know how to safely deal with chemicals.

General safety instructions

The individual chapters of this operating manual use safety labels like the one below to indicate danger:

CAUTION

indicates instructions that must be followed precisely in order to avoid slight injuries or damage to the instrument or the environment.

3 Commissioning

- D.O. sensor DurOx[®] 325, filled with electrolyte solution and ready to operate
- Calibration and storage vessel, OxiCal[®]-D
- 1 exchange membrane cap, WP-D
- Electrolyte solution, ELY/G
- Cleaning solution, RL/G
- Polishing strip, SF 300
- Operating manual



Note

The membrane cap that is mounted on the sensor for delivery serves mainly as a transport protection. Depending on the duration of the transport and storage period, it may have a shortened operational lifetime. If the measuring system cannot be calibrated (error message of the instrument), please proceed according to section REPLACING THE ELECTROLYTE SOLUTION AND MEMBRANE CAP.

Preparing the sensor for measurement

Connect the sensor to the measuring instrument. The sensor is immediately ready to measure. It is not necessary to polarize the sensor.

Scope of delivery

4 Measuring / Operation

4.1 Calibration



Note For calibration, please refer to the operating manual of the measuring instrument.

4.2 Measuring

Note the required minimum depth of immersion and minimum approach flow (see chapter 7 TECHNICAL DATA).

The minimum flow can be provided in different ways, e. g.:

- The flow of the water to be measured is sufficient (aeration tank, water pipe, stream)
- Slowly pull the sensor through the water by hand (lake, container), or
- Use a flow aid, e.g. stirrer.

4.3 Storage

Always store the sensor in the calibration and storage vessel at a temperature in the range 0 ... +50 °C (32 ... 122 °F). Make sure that the sponge in the calibration and storage vessel is always moist.

Calibration and storage vessel, OxiCal[®]-D

Moisten the sponge:

- Pull out the insert (1).
- Take out the sponge (2), wet it, then slightly squeeze it out.
- Put in the sponge and install the insert in the calibration and storage vessel again.

5 Maintenance, cleaning, replacement

5.1 General maintenance notes

For your safety Note the following safety instructions when handling electrolyte and cleaning solutions:

CAUTION

The ELY/G electrolyte solution and RL-G cleaning solution irritate the eyes and skin. Note the following points when dealing with these solutions:

- During working activities, always wear suitable protective gloves and protective goggles/face shield.
- If it comes into contact with the skin, rinse thoroughly with water and immediately change contaminated clothing.
- If it comes into contact with the eyes, rinse thoroughly with water and consult a doctor.
- Note the safety datasheets.



CAUTION

Before all maintenance activities, disconnect the sensor from the instrument.



Note

Information on how to order wear parts and maintenance equipment can be found in chapter 8 WEAR PARTS AND ACCESSORIES.

5.2 Outside cleaning

Cleaning agents	Contamination	Cleaning procedure	
	Lime sediments	Immerse in acetic acid for 1 minute (volume share = 10 %)	
	Fat/oil	Clean with warm water that contains washing-up liquid	

After cleaning, thoroughly rinse with deionized water and recalibrate if necessary.



General information

5.3 Changing the electrolyte and membrane cap

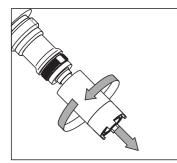
CAUTION

Before starting to work with the sensor, please note the GENERAL MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS ON page 23.

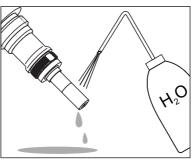
WTW delivers the sensor ready to operate (see section 3). The electrolyte solution and membrane cap must only be replaced if:

- a calibration error occurs and the membrane is heavily contaminated
- the membrane is damaged
- the electrolyte solution is exhausted.
- in case of a leak message by the measuring instrument

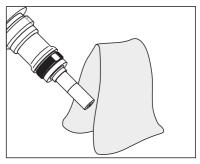
Changing the electrolyte and membrane cap



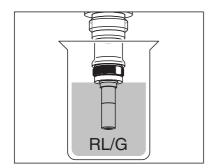
Unscrew the membrane cap. <u>Caution:</u> Electrolyte solution! For disposal of the membrane head and electrolyte solution, see section 5.6.



Rinse the sensor head with deionized water.

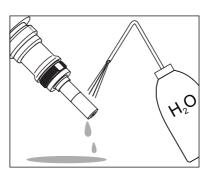


Carefully rub and dry the counter electrode with a lint-free paper towel.



Immerse the sensor head including the counter electrode in RL/G cleaning solution.

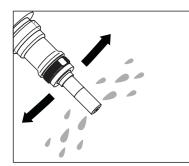
Allow to react for 1 to 3 minutes.



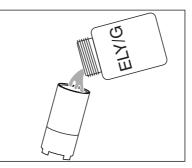
Thoroughly rinse the sensor head with deionized water.

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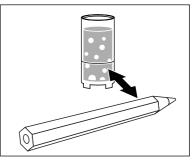
Water the counter electrode in deionized water for at least 10 minutes.



Carefully shake off the drops of water.



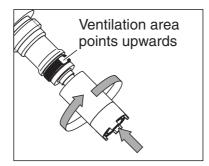
Fill a new membrane cap with ELY/G electrolyte solution.



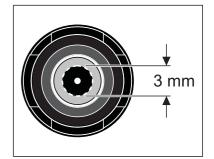
Remove any air bubbles by carefully tapping the membrane head. Additionally, you can prevent air bubbles by throwing the first filling away and refilling the membrane cap.



Thoroughly rinse the sensor head with electrolyte solution.



Hold the sensor inclined and screw on the membrane head fingertight using a paper towel. Excess electrolyte solution is forced out of the ventilation area.



Check the filling: Inspect the face surface. No air bubbles may be present within the dashed circle. Air bubbles outside this area do not interfere.



Readiness to measure



Note

For measurements under high pressure the filling must be completely free of air bubbles.

After approx. 30 to 50 minutes, the sensor is ready for operation. Subsequently calibrate the sensor.

Note

If you want to measure very low oxygen concentrations (< 0.5 % saturation), we recommend to let the sensor rest overnight and then calibrate it.

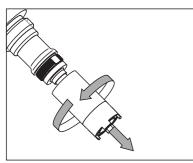
5.4



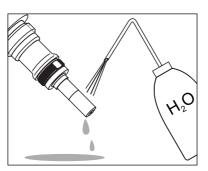
CAUTION Before starting to work with the sensor, please note the GENERAL MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS on page 23.

General information Cleaning is only required in cases of slopes too low or too high (sensor cannot be calibrated) that cannot be resolved by changing the membrane head and electrolyte solution.

Cleaning the electrodes



Unscrew the membrane cap. <u>Caution:</u> Electrolyte solution! For disposal of the membrane head and electrolyte solution, see section 5.6.

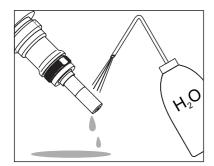


Cleaning the electrodes

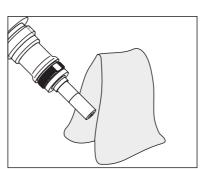
Rinse the sensor head with deionized water.

SF 300

Using the rough side of the **wet** SF 300 polishing strip, polish off any contamination from the gold working electrode using light pressure. <u>Caution:</u> Do not use any conventional sandpaper or glass-fiber brushes.



Rinse the sensor head with deionized water.

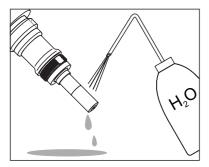


Wipe the counter electrode with a lint-free paper towel and carefully remove any loose white deposits.

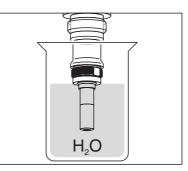
		7
l	RĽ/G	

Immerse the sensor head including the counter electrode in RL/G cleaning solution.

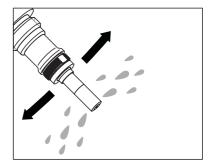
Allow to react for 1 to 3 minutes.



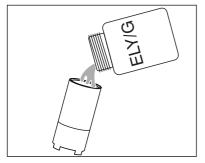
Thoroughly rinse the sensor head with deionized water.



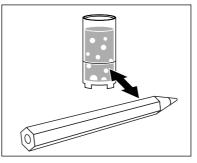
Water the counter electrode in deionized water for at least 10 minutes.



Carefully shake off the drops of water.



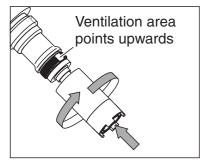
Fill a new membrane cap with ELY/G electrolyte solution.



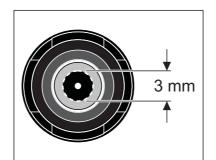
Remove any air bubbles by carefully tapping the membrane head. Additionally, you can prevent air bubbles by throwing the first filling away and refilling the membrane cap.



Rinse the sensor head with electrolyte solution.



Hold the sensor inclined and screw on the membrane head fingertight using a paper towel. Excess electrolyte solution is forced out of the ventilation area.



Check the filling: Inspect the face surface. No air bubbles may be present within the dashed circle. Air bubbles outside this area do not interfere.



Readiness to measure



Note

For measurements under high pressure the filling must be completely free of air bubbles.

After approx. 30 to 50 minutes, the sensor is ready for operation. Subsequently calibrate the sensor.

Note

If you want to measure very low oxygen concentrations (< 0.5 % saturation), we recommend to let the sensor rest overnight and then calibrate it.

5.5 Checking the sensor for freedom from zero-current

The sensor is zero-current free. Checking the module for freedom from zerocurrent is only necessary in the case of malfunctions that cannot be remedied by exchanging the electrolyte solution and membrane cap or by cleaning the electrodes.

There are 2 possibilities to check the sensor for freedom from zero-current:

- Measurement in a nitrogen atmosphere (recommended method)
- Measurement in a sodium sulfite solution according to DIN EN 25814/ ISO 5814.

CAUTION

If you check the sensor according to DIN EN 25814/ISO 5814, do not leave the sensor in the sodium sulfite solution for more than 2 minutes. Danger of sensor poisoning!

Test criterion

The sensor is OK if the measuring instrument displays < 1 % D.O. saturation after 2 minutes.

5.6 Disposal



CAUTION The ELY/G electrolyte solution irritates the eyes and skin. When dealing with the ELY/G electrolyte solution, observe the following points:

- During working activities, always wear suitable protective gloves and protective goggles/face shield.
- If it comes into contact with the skin, rinse thoroughly with water and immediately change contaminated clothing.
- If it comes into contact with the eyes, rinse thoroughly with water and consult a doctor.
- Follow the safety datasheet.

Sensor and membrane cap	For disposal, unscrew the membrane head and rinse the sensor and membrane head with water. We recommend disposing of the sensor without the membrane cap as electronic refuse. The membrane head may be disposed of with the household refuse.
Electrolyte solution	Disposal according to the safety data sheet.

6 What to do if ...

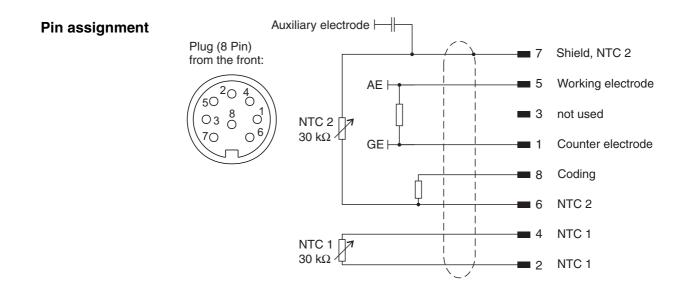
Error symptom	Cause	Remedy
The sensor is in the air and the display shows 0.0 mg/l or 0 % O ₂	 No connection between measuring instrument and sensor No electrolyte in the membrane head Cable defective 	 Check connection between measuring instrument and sensor Replace and refill the membrane cap (see section 5.3) Return the sensor
The sensor cannot be calibrated	 Contaminated membrane head Electrolyte depleted Hole in the membrane Membrane cap not screwed on tight enough 	 Replace and refill the membrane cap (see section 5.3) Subsequently, wait for 30 to 50 min and recalibrate. Screw membrane head tighter
The sensor still cannot be calibrated after changing the electrolyte and membrane head	 Contaminated electrodes or sensor toxification 	 Clean the electrodes (see section 5.4)
Leak display appears	 Membrane cap not screwed on tight enough Hole in the membrane 	 Screw membrane head tighter Replace and refill the membrane cap (see section 5.3)
Incorrect temperature display	 Temperature sensor defective 	 Return the sensor
Mechanical damage to the sensor		 Return the sensor
Meter displays <i>OFL</i> (display range exceeded)	 Short-circuit between working electrode and counter electrode 	 Clean the electrodes (see section 5.4). If the meter still displays OFL, return the sensor.

7 Technical data

Temperature compensation IMT compensation (calculated by the meter) Temperature sensor Integrated NTC 30 (30 kΩ at 25 °C / 77 °F) Dimensions (in mm) 110 49 110 17,5 Weight 310 g (with 2 m cable) Materials Working electrode Counter electrode Lead - Shaft housing POM - Cable screw joint Membrane head - Cable screw joint Membrane Membrane FEP Seals FPM (Viton) Connection cable Lengths Diameter 6 mm Smallest allowed Fixed installation: 50 mm Plug type Socket, 8 pins Pressure resistance Sensor Pressure Sensor Pressure Sensor Pressure Sensor	General features	Measuring principle	Membrane covered galvanic sensor	
Dimensions (in mm) 110 49 110 17,5 Weight 310 g (with 2 m cable) Materials Working electrode Counter electrode Lead - Shaft housing POM - Connection head POM - Cable screw joint Membrane head - Cable screw joint Membrane Membrane FEP Sensor head Epoxy, PEEK Insulator PEEK Thermistor housing VA steel 1.4571 Seals FPM (Viton) Connection cable Lengths 3 or 6 m Diameter 6 mm Smallest allowed Fixed installation: 50 mm Plug type Socket, 8 pins Plug type Socket, 8 pins Pressure Sensor cable IP 68 (6 bar)		•		
(in mm) 49 49 17,5 Weight 310 g (with 2 m cable) Materials Working electrode Gold Counter electrode Lead - Shaft housing - Connection head - Shaft housing - Connection head - Shaft housing - Connection head - Gable screw joint Membrane head - Cable screw joint Membrane FEP Sensor head Epoxy, PEEK Insulator PEEK Thermistor housing VA steel 1.4571 Seals FPM (Viton) Connection cable Lengths 3 or 6 m Diameter 6 mm Smallest allowed Fixed installation: 50 mm Flexible use: 80 mm Plug type Socket, 8 pins Pressure resistance Sensor LP 68 (6 bar) Sensor cable IP 68 (2 bar)		Temperature sensor	Integrated NTC 30 (30 k Ω at 25 °C / 77 °F)	
Weight 310 g (with 2 m cable) Materials Working electrode Gold Counter electrode Lead - Shaft housing POM - Connection head POM - Cable screw joint Membrane head - Cable screw joint Membrane Membrane FEP Sensor head Epoxy, PEEK Insulator PEEK Thermistor housing VA steel 1.4571 Seals FPM (Viton) Connection cable Lengths 3 or 6 m Diameter 6 mm Smallest allowed Piexible use: 80 mm Plug type Socket, 8 pins Plug type Socket, 8 pins	(in mm)			
Weight 310 g (with 2 m cable) Materials Working electrode Gold Counter electrode Lead - Shaft housing POM - Connection head POM - Cable screw joint Membrane head - Cable screw joint Membrane Membrane FEP Sensor head Epoxy, PEEK Insulator PEEK Thermistor housing VA steel 1.4571 Seals FPM (Viton) Connection cable Lengths 3 or 6 m Diameter 6 mm Smallest allowed Piexible use: 80 mm Plug type Socket, 8 pins Plug type Socket, 8 pins				
Materials Working electrode Gold Counter electrode Lead - Shaft housing POM - Connection head POM - Cable screw joint PEP Membrane FEP Sensor head Epoxy, PEEK Insulator PEEK Thermistor housing VA steel 1.4571 Seals FPM (Viton) Connection cable Lengths 3 or 6 m Diameter 6 mm Smallest allowed Fixed installation: 50 mm Plug type Socket, 8 pins Pressure resistance Sensor IP 68 (6 bar)		T	17,5	
Counter electrode Lead - Shaft housing POM - Connection head POM - Membrane head - - Cable screw joint Membrane Membrane FEP Sensor head Epoxy, PEEK Insulator PEEK Thermistor housing VA steel 1.4571 Seals FPM (Viton) Connection cable Lengths Jameter 6 mm Smallest allowed Fixed installation: 50 mm Plug type Socket, 8 pins Plug type Socket, 8 pins Pressure Sensor cable IP 68 (6 bar) Sensor cable IP 68 (2 bar)	Weight	310 g (with 2 m cable)		
- Shaft housing POM - Connection head POM - Membrane head PE - Cable screw joint Membrane Membrane FEP Sensor head Epoxy, PEEK Insulator PEEK Insulator PEEK Thermistor housing VA steel 1.4571 Seals FPM (Viton) Connection cable Lengths 3 or 6 m Diameter 6 mm Smallest allowed Fixed installation: 50 mm 50 mm Plug type Socket, 8 pins 80 mm Plug type Socket, 8 pins Pressure resistance Sensor cable IP 68 (6 bar) IP 68 (2 bar) IP 68 (2 bar)	Materials	Working electrode	Gold	
- Connection head - Membrane head - Cable screw joint Membrane Membrane FEP Sensor head Epoxy, PEEK Insulator PEEK Thermistor housing VA steel 1.4571 Seals FPM (Viton) Connection cable Lengths 3 or 6 m Diameter 6 mm Smallest allowed Fixed installation: 50 mm Plug type Socket, 8 pins Pressure Sensor IP 68 (6 bar) resistance Sensor cable IP 68 (2 bar)		Counter electrode	Lead	
MembraneFEPSensor headEpoxy, PEEKInsulatorPEEKThermistor housingVA steel 1.4571SealsFPM (Viton)Connection cableLengths3 or 6 mDiameterDiameter6 mmSmallest allowedFixed installation:bend radiusFlexible use:Plug typeSocket, 8 pinsPressure Sensor cablePressure resistanceSensorSensor cableIP 68 (6 bar)Sensor cableIP 68 (2 bar)		 Connection head Membrane head 	РОМ	
Insulator PEEK Thermistor housing VA steel 1.4571 Seals FPM (Viton) Lengths 3 or 6 m Diameter 6 mm Smallest allowed Fixed installation: 50 mm Pressure Sensor IP 68 (6 bar) Pressure Sensor cable IP 68 (2 bar)			FEP	
Thermistor housingVA steel 1.4571SealsFPM (Viton)Connection cableLengthsJameter6 mmDiameter6 mmSmallest allowed bend radiusFixed installation: Flexible use:Plug typeSocket, 8 pinsPressure resistanceSensorSensor cableIP 68 (6 bar)Sensor cableIP 68 (2 bar)		Sensor head	Ероху, РЕЕК	
SealsFPM (Viton)Connection cableLengths3 or 6 mDiameter6 mmDiameter6 mmSmallest allowed bend radiusFixed installation: Flexible use:50 mmPlug typeSocket, 8 pinsPressure resistanceSensorIP 68 (6 bar)Sensor cableIP 68 (2 bar)		Insulator	PEEK	
Connection cableLengths3 or 6 mDiameter6 mmSmallest allowed bend radiusFixed installation:50 mmPlug typeSocket, 8 pinsPressure resistanceSensorIP 68 (6 bar)Sensor cableIP 68 (2 bar)		Thermistor housing	VA steel 1.4571	
Diameter6 mmDiameter6 mmSmallest allowed bend radiusFixed installation: Flexible use:Plug typeSocket, 8 pinsPressure resistanceSensorIP 68 (6 bar) Sensor cableIP 68 (2 bar)		Seals	FPM (Viton)	
Smallest allowed bend radiusFixed installation: Flexible use:50 mm 80 mmPlug typeSocket, 8 pinsPressure resistanceSensorIP 68 (6 bar) Sensor cableIP 68 (2 bar)	Connection cable	Lengths	3 or 6 m	
bend radiusFlexible use:80 mmPlug typeSocket, 8 pinsPressure resistanceSensorIP 68 (6 bar)Sensor cableIP 68 (2 bar)		Diameter	6 mm	
Pressure resistanceSensorIP 68 (6 bar)Sensor cableIP 68 (2 bar)				
resistance Sensor cable IP 68 (2 bar)		Plug type	Socket, 8 pins	
		Sensor	IP 68 (6 bar)	
	resistance	Sensor cable	IP 68 (2 bar)	
Plug IP 67 (when plugged in)		Plug	IP 67 (when plugged in)	

The DurOx $^{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mathbb R}}}$ 325 meets the requirements according to article 3(3) of the 97/23/EC directive ("Pressure equipment directive").

Measurement conditions	Measuring ranges at 20 °C (68 °F)	0 50 mg/l D.O. 0 600 % D.O _. saturation 0 1250 mbar D.O. partial pressure	
	Temperature range	0 40 °C (32 104 °F)	
	Depth of immersion	min. 4 cm max. 6 m (depending on the cable length)	
	Operating position	Any	
	Approach flow	 > 2,5 cm/s with 10 % measurement accuracy 5 cm/s with 5 % measurement accuracy 	
Storage conditions	Recommended storing method	in the calibration and storage vessel, OxiCal [®] -ST (moist)	
	Storage temperature	0 40 °C (32 104 °F)	
Characteristics	Zero signal	< 1 % of the saturation value	
when delivered	Response time of D.O. measurement at 20 °C (68 °F)	t_{90} (90 % of the final value display after) < 25 s t_{95} (95 % of the final value display after) < 40 s t_{99} (99 % of the final value display after) < 125 s	
	Own consumption of oxygen at 20 °C (68 °F)	0.006 μg⋅h⁻¹ (mg/l)⁻¹	
	Drift	Approx. 3 % per month in the operating condition	
	Response time of temperature measurement	t_{99} (99 % of the final value display after) < 60 s	
	Precision of temperature measurement	± 0.2 K	
	Working life	min. 6 months with one electrolyte filling	



8 Wear parts and accessories

Wear parts and maintenance equipment

Description	Model	Order no.
Set of exchange membrane caps (3 pieces)	WP3-D	202 740
Electrolyte solution	ELY/G	205 217
Cleaning solution for lead counter electrode	RL/G	205 204
Polishing strip	SF 300	203 680
Accessory kit, comprising: – 3 exchange membrane caps, WP-D – Electrolyte solution ELY/G – Cleaning solution, RL/G – Polishing strip, SF 300	ZBK-D	201 578

Accessories	Description	Model	Order no.
	Calibration and storage vessel	OxiCal [®] -D	201 579
	Protective hood	SK-D	201 575



Note

For further accessories, refer to the WTW catalog or the Internet.